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June 6, 1967

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Coronary Care Program At Georgia Baptist Hospital

WASHINGTON (BP)--Georgia Baptist Hospital in Atlanta is one of 13 medical centers selected by the U.S. Public Health Service to train nurses in the specialized care of acute heart victims, according to announcement by the U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (HEW).

Georgia Baptist is the only Protestant-related hospital in the program. Five of the 13 are Roman Catholic.

The nationwide network of centers, established by the National Center for Chronic Disease of the Public Health Service, will train 1,000 nurses this year to fill staff positions in hospital-based intensive coronary care units.

Georgia Baptist will receive funds to train 100 nurses.

A spokesman for the national center's heart disease control program said the need for coronary care unit nurses is "critical."

Dr. Samuel M. Fox III, chief of the program, reports that there are about 250 coronary care units in the United States, and that the number is increasing steadily.

"Unfortunately," Dr. Fox continued, "the supply of trained nurses is so acute that even these existing units are often understaffed. In fact, many hospitals with space and equipment available are unable to begin operations for want of adequately prepared nurses."

The heard disease control programs established in the 13 medical centers will offer short-term courses of from four to six weeks in duration.

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Work-Study Employment Helps 175,000 Students

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WASHINGTON (BP)--The U.S. Office of Education has announced that 175,000 students will receive federal college work-study employment to help them continue their studies during the second half of 1967.

Grants totaling more than \$68.8 million will go to 1,693 colleges and universities for the six-month period beginning July 1. Of this amount approximately \$42.5 million will be expended for summer employment.

Students may be employed either "on-campus," in work for the institution itself, or "off-campus," in work for public or private nonprofit agencies. Students may work in nonprofit organizations in such areas as health, education, welfare or community action programs. According to the guidelines issued by the U.S. Office of Education the "off-campus" work in private, nonprofit organizations must be "in the public interest."

College students in the program can earn about \$700 for 15 hours work per week during the regular school session. The student may earn \$600 additionally, if needed, for up to 40 hours work per week during summer or other vacation periods.

From July 1, 1967, through August 20, 1967, the federal government will pay 90 per cent of the student workers' wages and the remaining 10 per cent will be provided by the college, university or off-campus agency employing the student.

As now written, the legislation calls for the ratio to be changed after August 20, 1967, with federal funds providing 75 per cent of the funds and college or off-campus employers providing the remaining 25 per cent for the balance of the grant period.

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5 Church Schools Receive Library Fellowship Funds

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WASHINGTON (BP)--Five church-related schools are among 38 institutions to receive \$3,773,250 for 501 fellowships to provide graduate training of library personnel, according to announcement by the U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (HEW).

Three Roman Catholic schools will receive funds for 32 fellowships. Two Methodist institutions will get funds for 15 fellowships.

According to the division of library services and educational facilities of the Office of Education, 327 of the 501 fellowships will be at the master's level, 58 at the post-master's and 116 doctoral.

Fellowships for students seeking a master's degree are \$2,200 each and at the post-master's and doctoral levels, \$5,000 each.

If summer study is required an additional stipend of \$75 per week, not to exceed a total of \$450, is provided for fellows seeking a master's degree. At the post-master's and doctoral levels, the summer stipend is at the rate of \$170 per week, not to exceed a total of \$1,020.

In addition, \$600 is granted for each dependent for the academic year and \$120 for the summer, plus travel expenses to and from the institution for the fellow only.

The institution receives \$2,500 for each fellow to help defray the cost of instruction during the academic year and \$500 for the summer.

The fellowships are authorized under Title II-B of the Higher Education Act of 1965.

The amount funded for this year is four times as much as was made available in 1966, the first year of the program.

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Hospital Chaplain Dies In Maryland

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BALTIMORE, Md. (BP)--John Lambrides, a Southern Baptist chaplain serving with the Veterans Administration Hospital in Baltimore, Md., died May 31 at Laurel, Md.

A native of Greece, Lambrides was a naturalized citizen and had made Laurel his home for the past five years.

He served as a U.S. Army chaplain from 1936 to 1945. He was pastor of the First Baptist Church in Comanche, Tex., from 1945 to 1952.

In 1952, he was endorsed to the Veterans Administration Chaplaincy by the Chaplains Commission of the Southern Baptist Convention and was appointed to the V. A. Hospital in Kecoughtan, Va.

He served at the V. A. Hospital in Washington, D. C., before assignment to Maryland.

Burial was in Baltimore.

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Flag Legislation Voted By House Subcommittee

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WASHINGTON (BP)--A House Judiciary subcommittee has voted 6 to 1 to make it a crime to publicly burn or otherwise defile or mutilate the U.S. flag.

The decision came after several days of hearings on proposed measures calling for immediate action to prohibit flag desecration.

Subcommittee chairman Byron G. Rogers (D., Colo.) said he hopes to push the bill through the House on Flag Day (June 14). The full House Judiciary committee is expected to approve the bill.

Rep. John Conyers Jr. (D., Mich.) who cast the lone vote against the bill in the House Judiciary subcommittee, said he believes the act of burning the flag could be a "symbolic act of free speech" and that proposed prohibition collides with the First Amendment.

In order to meet constitutional objections, the subcommittee removed references in early drafts to contempt of the flag "either by word or act" and confined the ban to physical acts of desecration.

Violators of the flag would be subject to penalties of up to \$1,000 or one year in jail.

Similar legislation is before the Senate Judiciary committee.

Sen. Norris Cotton (R., N.H.) told the Senate that he thought it would have a good "psychological effect" if the Senate joined the House in passing the bill on Flag Day.

Sen. Everett McKinley Dirksen (R., Ill.), author of one of the measures to prohibit desecration of the flag, said: "We have waited to see whether the House would act on the bill... it they will act, certainly the Senate will take immediate action." -30-

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